

## **Exhibit 8**

Kimberly Kaal, Environmental Manager,  
Shell Chemical Appalachia LLC, to Mark  
Gorog P.E., Regional Manager, Air Quality  
Program, DEP Southwest Regional Office,  
February 21, 2023 Monthly Submittal of  
Information Requested from Shell Chemical  
Appalachia LLC (Feb. 21, 2023).



Shell Chemical Appalachia LLC  
300 Frankfort Rd  
Monaca, PA 15061

February 21, 2023

Mark Gorog P.E., Regional Manager Air Quality Program  
Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Regional Office  
400 Waterfront Drive  
Pittsburgh, PA 15222

**RE: February 21, 2023 Monthly Submittal of Information Requested from Shell Chemical Appalachia LLC**

Dear Mark:

Shell Chemical Appalachia LLC (Shell), located in Beaver County, Pennsylvania is submitting this monthly information request per the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection's (PADEP) request.

As requested, the data associated with this submittal include:

- Current 12-month emission data including Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) for each source and permitted pollutant per Plan Approval PA-04-00740C for the period through end of January 31, 2023
  - The new emission data have been revised to include using a destruction efficiency of 99.55% for the historic and prior month emissions reflecting results of the Flare Guardian test conducted January 19, 2023.
- List of Malfunction Reports and associated emissions submitted to the Department
  - The Malfunction Report emission data have also been revised to include using a destruction efficiency of 99.55% for the historic and prior month emissions reflecting results of the Flare Guardian test conducted January 19, 2023. On January 30, 2023, as part of the Emission Exceedance Report and Mitigation Plan, Shell indicated that we would be revising the information provided to PADEP to reflect this most recent information.
  - Using the results from the Flare Guardian test, the 12-month rolling emissions for VOCs are 406.1 tons per year. The permitted Plan Approval PA-04-00740C Potential to Emit limit for VOCs is 516.2 tons per year.
- Updated emissions calculations protocol
- Available fence line monitoring data analysed since the last submittal

If you have any questions or comments concerning the information included in this letter or the attached documentation, please feel free to contact me at [kimberly.kaal@shell.com](mailto:kimberly.kaal@shell.com), or (724) 709-2467.

Sincerely,

*Kimberly Kaal*

Kimberly Kaal  
Environmental Manager, Attorney in Fact

CC: Jim Miller, Regional Director  
Elizabeth Speicher, Environmental Group Manager  
Scott Beaudway, Air Quality Specialist

List of Malfunction Reports - HP Flare System  
Shell Polymers Monaca  
Date: February 17, 2023

E&R ID	Unit Implicated	Incident Description	Incident Start Date	Incident Start Time	Incident End Date	Incident End Time	Initially Reported to PADEP Date	Date Final Malfunction Report Sent to PADEP	PM-Filt Emissions (tons)	PM10 Emissions (tons)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons)	VOC Emissions (tons)	HAP Emissions (tons)	NOx Emissions (tons)	CO Emissions (tons)	CO2e Emissions (tons)	SO2 Emissions (tons)
MAL1	PE3	PE3 reactor blowdown due to pump failure	9/3/2022	15:40	9/4/2022	17:15	9/16/2022	10/4/2022	0.004	0.016	0.016	0.147	0.000	0.145	0.589	272.95	0.000
MAL2	ECU	TEGF visible emissions	9/6/2022	~7:30	9/24/2022	09:00	9/6/2022	9/20/2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAL4-a/b	ECU	ECU Demethanizer Cold Drum 3 Leak During Startup - Flaring and Flange Leak	9/8/2022	14:25	9/8/2022	22:45	9/16/2022	10/7/2022	0.075	0.298	0.298	3.805	0.005	2.721	1.558	4,949.40	0.000
MAL5-a/b	ECU	ECU Cold Flare Drum Inlet Flange Leak V-19031 During Startup - Flaring and Flange Leak	9/8/2022	22:45	9/10/2022	9:26	9/16/2022	10/7/2022	0.295	1.182	1.182	13.954	0.020	10.785	7.055	19,769.74	0.000
MAL6-a/b	ECU	ECU ERC and CGC trip during startup and Reestablishing previous conditions	9/10/2022	9:26	9/13/2022	15:10	9/16/2022	10/11/2022	0.483	1.930	1.930	23.481	0.030	17.617	68.357	32,175.53	0.000
MAL7-a/b	ECU	ECU CGC Trip of 4th stage level transmitter failure and reestablishing previous conditions	9/15/2022	23:05	9/18/2022	12:02	9/16/2022	10/16/2022	0.458	1.830	1.830	22.784	0.028	16.704	36.412	30,739.78	0.000
MAL8-a/b	ECU	ECU P3R Compressor Low Suction P Trip and reestablishing previous conditions	9/18/2022	12:02	9/21/2021	2:01	9/18/2022	10/20/2022	0.479	1.914	1.914	24.879	0.030	17.470	27.282	31,981.17	0.000
MAL9-a/b	ECU	ECU AC Reactor Trip due to Methanol Drum High Level and reestablishing previous conditions	9/21/2022	2:01	9/24/2022	22:40	9/21/2022	10/22/2022	0.629	2.515	2.515	35.839	0.039	22.952	45.266	41,227.26	0.000
MAL10	UGF	Visible Emissions from CVTO Trip	9/25/2022	15:30	9/25/2022	16:50	9/26/2022	Report in progress	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAL12	PE	PE3 reactor blowdowns due to circulation pump seal leak (HP Flare)	10/2/2022	14:30	10/2/2022	17:00	N/A	11/2/2022	0.008	0.031	0.031	0.893	0.000	0.287	0.160	599.94	0.000
MAL13-a-c	ECU	ECU Offspec Ethylene (Plugged C2 Inlet Strainer) Outage - Shutdown/Restartup	10/5/2022	19:15	10/22/2022	14:00	10/6/2022	11/16/2022	0.541	2.163	2.163	21.999	0.033	19.739	68.801	32,715.95	0.000
MAL15	ECU	Ethylene Tank BOG Compressor A & B Malfunction	10/17/2022	16:30	11/25/2022	08:15	10/21/2022	11/17/2022	0.071	0.283	0.283	17.572	0.004	2.586	11.788	5,463.40	0.000
MAL16	ECU	TEGF Smoke Malfunction	10/22/2022	15:34	10/22/2022	17:15	10/24/2022	Report in progress	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAL17	ECU	ECU AC Reactor Malfunction (Elevated Flare)	10/24/2022	14:30	10/26/2022	16:30	10/24/2022	11/25/2022	0.118	0.473	0.473	6.097	0.007	4.317	15.209	6,614.80	0.000
MAL18-a	ECU	Furnace 2 Excess NOx	10/22/2022	14:00	10/23/2022	03:00	11/7/2022	11/23/2022						0.300			
MAL18-b	ECU	Furnace 6 Excess NOx	10/22/2022	14:00	10/23/2022	04:00	11/7/2022	11/23/2022						0.270			
MAL18-c	ECU	Furnace 4 Excess NOx	10/31/2022	4:47	10/31/2022	11:00	11/7/2022	12/1/2022						0.070			
MAL20	UGF	Cogen Unit 2 Nox	11/5/2022	22:16	11/5/2022	23:16	11/7/2022	12/7/2022						0.003			
MAL20	UGF	Cogen Units 1, 2, 3 Nox	11/7/2022	9:30	11/7/2022	10:30	11/7/2022	12/7/2022						0.013			
MAL20	UGF	Cogen Unit 3 Restart Nox	11/17/2022	15:00	11/17/2022	20:00	11/21/2022	12/7/2022						0.010			
MAL23	ECU/UGF	Malodor from WWTP (PFO)	11/7/2022	TBD	12/13/2022	TBD	11/7/2022	1/13/2023				2.710	2.490				
MAL21	ECU	ECU AC Reactor Malfunction (Ground Flare)	11/15/2022	22:50	11/16/2022	5:32	11/17/2022	12/16/2022	0.010	0.038	0.038	0.931	0.001	0.350	1.420	724.59	0.000
MAL22	ECU	ECU C2 Offspec (Ground Flare)	11/20/2022	02:59	11/20/2022	07:17	11/21/2022	12/19/2022	0.001	0.005	0.005	0.089	0.000	0.049	0.198	94.04	0.000
MAL19	ECU/UGF	ECU SHP Steam Loss (Cogen Trip) AC Rx Offspec (Ground Flare)	11/28/2022	15:03	11/29/2022	23:50	11/29/2022	12/8/2022	0.120	0.479	0.479	7.007	0.007	4.368	9.799	7,514.38	0.000
MAL25	PE2	MPGF (PE1/2 Episodic) Visible Emissions During PE2 SD	12/14/2022	07:45	12/14/2022	08:30	12/15/2022	1/13/2023	0.002	0.007	0.007	0.114	0.000	0.062	0.282	116.00	0.000
MAL27	Site	Boiler Feedwater Loss and Site Shutdown Flaring (Elevated Flare)	12/24/2022	07:05	12/24/2022	11:50	12/24/2022	2/6/2023	0.249	0.996	0.996	12.169	0.015	9.088	31.799	16,427.72	0.000
MAL28	UGF	Cogen Units 1, 2, 3 CO (Recurring/Ongoing)	12/21/2022	00:00	12/28/2022	10:00	12/27/2022	1/23/2023							0.194		
MAL29	UGF	Cogen Unit 3 Nox SCR Heater Trip	12/23/2022	13:15	12/23/2022	18:00	12/27/2022	1/23/2023						0.023			
MAL30	UGF	Cogen Unit 2 Nox (Restart after Trip)	12/24/2022	11:38	12/24/2022	15:25	12/27/2022	1/23/2023						0.005			
MAL31	UGF	Cogen Unit 1 Nox (Startup)	12/24/2022	5:50	12/25/2022	11:00	12/27/2022	1/23/2023						0.025			
MAL32	UGF	SCTO Trip on Low Fuel Pressure (Regulator)	1/4/2023	20:38	1/10/2023	12:00	1/6/2023	2/9/2023				0.260	0.260				
MAL33	ECU	ECU Demethanizer Malfunction (Ground Flare)	1/20/2023	7:17	1/20/2023	11:28	1/20/2023	2/6/2023	0.006	0.023	0.023	0.343	0.000	0.208	0.842	376.54	0.000
OVERALL TOTAL									3.546	14.184	14.184	195.073	2.971	130.167	327.012	231,763.20	0.000

VOC emissions corrected for the DRE for TEGFs at 95.55% based on January 2023 test. CO2 changes slightly due to updated DRE.

**SHELL POLYMERS MONACA**  
**AIR EMISSIONS PROTOCOL for PADEP's INVENTORY PROGRAM (2022 AIR EMISSIONS)**  
**Date: as of February 16, 2023**

Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>031: Ethane Cracking Furnace #1</li> <li>032: Ethane Cracking Furnace #2</li> <li>033: Ethane Cracking Furnace #3</li> <li>034: Ethane Cracking Furnace #4</li> <li>035: Ethane Cracking Furnace #5</li> <li>036: Ethane Cracking Furnace #6</li> <li>037: Ethane Cracking Furnace #7</li> </ul> <p>Main Burners Fuel Gas (Tail Gas, Natural Gas or Mixture of Tail gas and Natural Gas)</p> <p>Rated Capacity: 620 MMBtu/hr, each</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NOx, CO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Temporary analyzer data used for Furnaces 2, 3, 5, 6, 7 during refractory dry-out (April through June 11, 2022)</li> <li>Raw permanent analyzer data, where available used for all furnaces starting on June 24, 2022 (first valid PI data at furnaces) through November 11, 2022, where available. When analyzer data was not available, used emission factors from vendor data as contained in Feb. 2020 Update Plan Approval Application: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Normal Mode: CO – 0.035 lb/MMBtu; NOx – 0.015 lb/MMBtu</li> <li>Decoke Mode: CO – 0.290 lb/MMBtu; NOx – 0.015 lb/MMBtu</li> <li>Feed In/Out Mode: CO – 0.035 lb/MMBtu; NOx – 0.015 lb/MMBtu</li> <li>Hot Steam Stand-by Mode: CO – 0.035 lb/MMBtu; NOx – 0.025 lb/MMBtu</li> <li>Startup/Shutdown Mode: CO – 0.290 lb/MMBtu; NOx – 0.180 lb/MMBtu</li> </ul> </li> <li>CEMS analyzer hourly-block average output used starting November 12, 2022.</li> </ul> </li> <li>PM-filt [all operating modes except decoke]: AP-42, Chapter 1.4, “Natural Gas Combustion”, 7/1998. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing.</li> <li>PM10, PM 2.5 [all operating modes except decoke]: Vendor Data at 0.005 lb/MMBtu [Feb. 2020 Update Plan Approval Application]. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing.</li> <li>PM-filt, PM10, PM2.5 [de-coking]: 1.86 lbs/hr / 180 MMBtu/hr = 0.0103 lb/MMBtu (preliminary vendor data at 1.86 lbs/hr and estimated heat input during decoking). [Feb. 2020 Update Plan Approval Application]. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing.</li> <li>PM-cond [all operating modes but decoke]: PM – PM filt. PM-cond emissions are negligible.</li> <li>VOC: LAER emission factor at 0.0019 lb/MMBtu. [Feb. 2020 Update Plan Approval Application]. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing.</li> <li>SO2: material balance based on mass of fuel gas combusted, taking out the H2 portion of the mass and using the sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: FUEL GAS MASS - H2 (WT%) /100] * S CONTENT (WT%) / 100 * MW SO2 / MW S.</li> <li>H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, “Fuel Oil Combustion”, 5/2010.</li> <li>Total HAPs (minus lead and n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, “Natural Gas Combustion”, 7/1998. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing.</li> <li>Lead: AP-42, Chapter 1.4, “Natural Gas Combustion”, 7/1998, but only considering the natural gas portion by removing the H2 content in the HHV of the fuel gas, consistent with the Feb. 2020 Plan Approval Application.</li> <li>n-Hexane: 0.0063 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, &lt;10 MMBtu/hr (highest of external combustion factor). <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li> <li>NH3 (ammonia slip): In-stack analyzer data.</li> <li>CO2: Material balance based on mass of fuel gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: FUEL GAS MASS * C CONTENT (WT%) / 100 * MW CO2 / MW C.</li> <li>CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas, but only considering the natural gas portion by removing the H2 content in the HHV of the fuel gas, consistent with the Feb. 2020 Plan Approval Application.</li> <li>N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li> </ol>	<p><b>PI Inputs</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel Gas Mass Combusted Burners A-D (kg/hr)</li> <li>Fuel Gas Mass Combusted Burners E-H (kg/hr)</li> <li>Fuel Gas Composition (% mol)</li> <li>NG Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv), converted to wt % by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a></li> <li>NOx, CO Raw permanent hourly data (ppmvd – minute)</li> <li>NOx, CO Analyzer Data (Block Average) (lbs/hr)</li> <li>NH3 Analyzer Data (ppmvd)</li> <li>Feed Rate Ethane (tonne/hr)</li> <li>Feed Rate Ethane (tonne/hr)</li> <li>Furnace feed (tonne/hr)</li> <li>Decoke Status (Open/Closed)</li> <li>Coil temperature (C)</li> </ol> <p><b>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel Gas Molecular Weight: Fuel Gas Composition and Standard Molecular Weight of Constituents</li> <li>HHV of Fuel Gas: Fuel Gas Composition and Standard Heat of Combustion for Constituents</li> <li>% Carbon by weight and % H2 by weight: Fuel Gas Composition</li> <li>Heat Rate of Fuel Gas: Fuel Gas Mass and HHV of Fuel Gas</li> <li>H2 HHV Heat Release in Fuel Gas: H2 Composition (%mol), H2 Molecular Weight, Fuel Gas Molecular Weight, Fuel Gas HHV, H2 Heat of Combustion</li> <li>Furnace Operating Mode <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Normal Mode: Feed Rate Ethane &gt; 43 tonne/hr</li> <li>Feed IN/Out Mode: Feed Rate Ethane &lt; 43 tonne/hr</li> <li>Hot Steam Standby Mode: Furnace feed &lt;0.1 tonne/hr</li> <li>Decoke Mode: Open/Closed</li> <li>SU/SD Mode: Coil temperature &lt;750</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>031: Ethane Cracking Furnace #1</li> <li>032: Ethane Cracking Furnace #2</li> <li>033: Ethane Cracking Furnace #3</li> <li>034: Ethane Cracking Furnace #4</li> <li>035: Ethane Cracking Furnace #5</li> <li>036: Ethane Cracking Furnace #6</li> <li>037: Ethane Cracking Furnace #7</li> </ul> <p>Pilots (Natural Gas)</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NOx, CO: AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998 until CEMS is online and verified.</li> <li>PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, VOC, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li> <li>n-Hexane: 0.0063 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, &lt;10 MMBtu/hr. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li> <li>SO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: NG FUEL MASS * S CONTENT NG (WT%) / 100 * MW SO2 / MW S.</li> <li>H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010.</li> <li>CO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: NG FUEL MASS * C CONTENT (WT%) / 100 * MW CO2 / MW C.</li> <li>CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li> <li>N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li> </ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pilot Natural Gas Mass Combusted (kg/hr)</li> <li>Natural Gas HHV (Btu/scf), converted to Btu/lb using Natural Gas Density</li> <li>Natural Gas Specific Gravity, density calculated assuming density of air at 1.2041 kg/Nm3 at 20 C and 1 atm (Normal)</li> <li>Natural Gas Composition C1 – C6+ (%mol)</li> <li>Natural Gas Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv) converted to wt % by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a></li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Heat Rate (MMBtu/hr) of Pilot: Pilot Natural Gas Mass and Natural Gas HHV</li> <li>Natural Gas Carbon (C) Content (wt%): Calculated based on Natural Gas Composition</li> </ol>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>101: Combustion Turbine/Duct Burner Unit #1</li> <li>102: Combustion Turbine/Duct Burner Unit #2</li> <li>103: Combustion Turbine/Duct Burner Unit #3</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NOx, CO: Certified CEMS using analyzer data and 40 CFR Part 75 Appendix D and F equations.</li> <li>NH3 (ammonia slip): In-stack analyzer data when feasible.</li> <li>PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5: Stack test factors (most recent).</li> <li>VOC: Stack test factors (most recent).</li> <li>HCHO (formaldehyde), benzene, toluene: Stack test factors will be developed after retesting by approved alternative test methods with lower detection limits.</li> <li>Total HAPs (minus formaldehyde, benzene, toluene): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li> <li>SO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: NG FUEL MASS * S CONTENT NG (WT%) / 100 * MW SO2 / MW S.</li> <li>H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010.</li> <li>CO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: NG FUEL MASS * C CONTENT (WT%) / 100 * MW CO2 / MW C.</li> <li>CH4, N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li> </ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel Gas Mass Combusted Combustion Turbine (kg/hr)</li> <li>Fuel Gas Mass Combusted Duct Burners (kg/hr)</li> <li>Natural Gas Gross Calorific Value (kJ/kg)</li> <li>Natural Gas Composition C1 – C6+ (%mol)</li> <li>Natural Gas Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv) converted to wt % by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a></li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Natural Gas Gross Calorific Value (kJ/kg)</li> <li>Total Heat Input: Natural Gas Rate and Gross Calorific Value</li> <li>Fuel Gas Molecular Weight: Fuel Gas Composition and Standard Molecular Weight of Constituents</li> <li>Natural Gas Carbon (C) Content (wt%): Calculated based on Natural Gas Composition</li> </ol>
<p>105: Diesel-Fired Emergency Generator Engines (2 unit)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Parking Garage Diesel Generator, 103 bhp, Cummins QSB5-G3</li> <li>Communications Tower Diesel Generator, 67 bhp, Kohler KDI 3404 TM</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NOx, CO, HC (VOC), PM-filt: Manufacturer Data Sheet (g/bhp).</li> <li>PM10, PM2.5: AP-42, Appendix B.2, "Generalized Particle Size Distribution", 9/90, PM10 = 0.96*PM and PM2.5 = 0.90*PM.</li> <li>SO2: Material balance based on estimated diesel mass and fuel sulfur content of diesel. Equation: DIESEL MASS * S CONTENT DIESEL (ppmw) / 10000 ppmw / 100 * MW SO2 / MW S.</li> <li>HAP: AP-42, Chapter 3.3, "Gasoline and Diesel Industrial Engines", 10/96.</li> <li>CO2: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-1 emission factor for Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2.</li> <li>CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2.</li> <li>N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2.</li> </ol>	<p><u>Data Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operating Hours – collected internally on monthly basis</li> <li>Brake Specific Fuel Consumption: 7,000 Btu/hp-hr (AP-42 Chapter 3.3)</li> <li>Diesel HHV: 139,600 Btu/gal</li> <li>Diesel Density: 7.674 lb/gal</li> <li>Sulfur Content of Diesel: 15 ppmw</li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Heat Input (MMBtu/hr): Engine capacity and BSFC</li> <li>Hourly Fuel Consumption: Heat Input and Diesel Density</li> </ol>
<p>106: Fire Pump Engines (2 units)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fire Pump A (Diesel), 488 hp, Cummins CFP15E-F10</li> <li>Fire Pump B (Diesel), 488 hp, Cummins CFP15E-F10</li> </ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NOx, CO, NMNH (VOC), PM-filt: Manufacturer Data Sheet (g/bhp).</li> <li>PM10, PM2.5: AP-42, Appendix B.2, "Generalized Particle Size Distribution", 9/90, PM10 = 0.96*PM and PM2.5 = 0.90*PM.</li> <li>SO2: Material balance based on estimated diesel mass and fuel sulfur content of diesel. Equation: DIESEL MASS * S CONTENT DIESEL (ppmw) / 10000 ppmw / 100 * MW SO2 / MW S.</li> <li>HAP: AP-42, Chapter 3.3, "Gasoline and Diesel Industrial Engines", 10/96.</li> <li>CO2: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-1 emission factor for Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2.</li> <li>CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2.</li> <li>N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2.</li> </ol>	<p><u>Data Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operating Hours – collected internally on monthly basis</li> <li>Brake Specific Fuel Consumption: 7,000 Btu/hp-hr (AP-42 Chapter 3.3)</li> <li>Diesel HHV: 139,600 Btu/gal</li> <li>Diesel Density: 7.674 lb/gal</li> <li>Sulfur Content of Diesel: 15 ppmw</li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Heat Input (MMBtu/hr): Engine capacity and BSFC</li> <li>Hourly Fuel Consumption: Heat Input and Diesel Density</li> </ol>



Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
107: Natural Gas Fired Emergency Generator Engines (3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Backup Generator Lift Station A, 50 bhp, GM Vortec 3.0L I-4 (4SLB)</li> <li>Backup Generator Intermediate Lift Station, 158 bhp, GM Vortec 5.7L V-8 (4SRB)</li> <li>PGT Building (Shell Visitor Center Backup Generator), 113 bhp, GM 5.7L V-8 (4SLB)</li> </ul>	1. NOx + THC (assumed NOx), CO, CO2: Manufacturer Data Sheet (g/bhp). 2. VOC, SO2, PM-filt, PM10, HAP, CH4, CO2 (Intermediate Lift Station Only for CO2): AP-42, Chapter 3.2, "Natural Gas-Fired Reciprocating Engines", 7/2000. 3. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.	<u>Data Inputs</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operating Hours – collected internally on monthly basis</li> <li>Maximum fuel consumption: provided on Manufacturer Data Sheets (scf/hr)</li> <li>Natural Gas HHV: 1000 Btu/scf</li> </ol> <u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Heat Input (MMBtu/hr): Maximum fuel consumption and Natural Gas HHV</li> </ol>
204: Low Pressure (LP) Header System Continuous Vent Thermal Oxidizer (CVTO)  Process Vents	1. NOx: 0.068 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 1/4/2018. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 2. CO: 0.0824 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 1/4/2018. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 3. PM10 and PM2.5: 0.0075 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 1/4/2018. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 4. VOC: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas flared, VOC content of the vent gas and VOC destruction efficiency. Equation: $\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{VOC CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1 - \text{DRE})$ . 5. SO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas flared and sulfur content in vent gas to flare. Equation: $\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{S CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW SO}_2 / \text{MW S}$ . 6. PM-filt, PM-cond, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998. Site-specific emission factors for HAPs to be developed after stack testing. 7. n-Hexane: 0.029 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, Flares. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a> 8. CO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas to flare, carbon content in vent gas to flare, and destruction efficiency. Equation: $\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C} * \text{DRE}$ . 9. CH4: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas to flare, CH4 content of the vent gas to flare and CH4 destruction efficiency. Equation: $\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{CH}_4 \text{ CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1 - \text{DRE})$ . 10. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for fuel gas. 11. Thermal Oxidizer DRE: 99.9% John Zink Design Specification, 1/4/2018.	<u>PI Inputs</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Mass (kg/hr)</li> <li>MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Mass (kg/hr)</li> <li>CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Composition (% mol)</li> <li>CVTO/ MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Sulfur Content (% wt)</li> </ol> <u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CVTO Vent Gas Mass: CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Mass – MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Mass</li> <li>Molecular Weight of CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas: CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Composition and Standard Molecular Weight of Constituents.</li> <li>HHV of CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas: CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Composition and Standard Heat of Combustion for Constituents.</li> <li>% Carbon by weight: CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Composition</li> <li>Heat Input of CVTO Vent Gas: CVTO Vent Gas Mass and HHV of CVTO/MPGF Header 3</li> </ol>
204: Low Pressure (LP) Header System Continuous Vent Thermal Oxidizer (CVTO)  Primary Firing Fuel (Natural Gas)	1. NOx, 0.068 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 1/4/2018. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 2. CO: 0.0824 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 1/4/2018. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 3. PM10 and PM2.5: 0.0075 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 1/4/2018. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 4. PM-filt, PM-cond, VOC, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998. Site-specific emission factors for HAPs to be developed after stack testing. 5. n-Hexane: 0.0046 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, 10-100 MMBtu/hr). <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a> 6. SO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: $\text{NG FUEL MASS} * \text{S CONTENT NG (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW SO}_2 / \text{MW S}$ . 7. H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010. 8. CO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: $\text{NG FUEL MASS} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C}$ . 9. CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas. 10. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.	<u>PI Inputs</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Natural Gas Flow Rate (Nm3/hr)</li> <li>Natural Gas HHV (Btu/scf), converted to Btu/lb using Natural Gas Density</li> <li>Natural Gas Specific Gravity, density calculated assuming density of air at 1.2041 kg/Nm3 at 20 C and 1 atm (Normal)</li> <li>Natural Gas Composition C1 – C6+ (%mol)</li> <li>Natural Gas Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv), converted to wt %by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a></li> </ol> <u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Natural Gas Mass: Calculated using Natural Gas Flow Rate and Density of Natural Gas</li> <li>Heat Rate (MMBtu/hr): Natural Gas Mass and Natural Gas HHV</li> <li>Natural Gas Carbon (C) Content (wt%): Calculated based on Natural Gas Composition</li> </ol>

Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
204: Low Pressure (LP) Header System Continuous Vent Thermal Oxidizer (CVTO)  Pilot (Natural Gas)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. NOx, CO, PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, VOC, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li> <li>2. n-Hexane: 0.0063 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, &lt;10 MMBtu/hr. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li> <li>3. SO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: <math>\text{NG FUEL MASS} * \text{S CONTENT NG (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW SO}_2 / \text{MW S}</math>.</li> <li>4. H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010.</li> <li>5. CO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: <math>\text{NG FUEL MASS} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C}</math>.</li> <li>6. CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li> <li>7. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li> </ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Natural Gas HHV (Btu/scf), converted to Btu/lb using Natural Gas Density</li> <li>2. Natural Gas Specific Gravity, density calculated assuming density of air at 1.2041 kg/Nm3 at 20 C and 1 atm (Normal)</li> <li>3. Natural Gas Composition C1 – C6+ (%mol)</li> <li>4. Natural Gas Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv) converted to wt % by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a></li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pilot Heat Rate: Constant at 0.5023 MMBtu/hr based on design specifications</li> <li>2. Natural Gas Mass: Calculated using Pilot Heat Input, HHV of Natural Gas, and natural Gas Density</li> <li>3. Natural Gas Carbon (C) Content (wt%): Calculated based on Natural Gas Composition</li> </ol>
204: Low Pressure (LP) Header System Multipoint Ground Flare (MPGF)  PE 1/PE 2 Episodic Vent Flaring (Supplemental gas added with vent gas if needed)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. NOx and CO: AP-42, Chapter 13.5, "Industrial Flares", 2/2018.</li> <li>2. VOC: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas flared, VOC content of the vent gas and VOC destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{VOC CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1-\text{DRE})</math>.</li> <li>3. SO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas flared and sulfur content in vent gas to flare. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{S CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW SO}_2 / \text{MW S}</math>.</li> <li>4. PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li> <li>5. n-Hexane: 0.029 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, Flares. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li> <li>6. CO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas to flare, carbon content in vent gas to flare, and destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C} * \text{DRE}</math>.</li> <li>7. CH4: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas to flare, CH4 content of the vent gas to flare and CH4 destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{CH}_4 \text{ CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1-\text{DRE})</math>.</li> <li>8. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for fuel gas.</li> <li>9. Flare DRE: 99% DRE for compounds containing three (3) or fewer carbon atoms and 98% for compounds with greater than three (3) carbon atoms, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Air Permits Division, "New Source Review (NSR) Emission Calculations" (APD-ID 6v1, Revised March, 2021)</li> </ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Vent Gas Mass to Flare – MPGF Header 1 (kg/hr)</li> <li>2. Supplemental Natural Gas Flow to Flare (Nm3/hr), mixed with vent gas mass MPGF Header 1, converted to lbs/hr using natural gas specific gravity</li> <li>3. Natural Gas Specific Gravity, density calculated assuming density of air at 1.2041 kg/Nm3 at 20 C and 1 atm (Normal)</li> <li>4. Total Vent Gas to Flare Composition (% mol), includes supplemental natural gas</li> <li>5. Total Vent Gas to Flare Sulfur Content (% wt), includes supplemental natural gas</li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Molecular Weight of Total Vent Gas to Flare: Total Vent Gas to Flare Composition and Standard Molecular Weight of Constituents</li> <li>2. HHV of Total Vent Gas to Flare: Total Vent Gas to Flare Composition and Standard Heat of Combustion for Constituents</li> <li>3. Supplemental Natural Gas Mass: Supplemental Natural Gas to Flare (Nm3/hr) and specific gravity of natural gas</li> <li>4. Total Vent Gas Mass to Flare: Vent Gas Mass to Flare + Supplemental Natural Gas Mass</li> <li>5. % Carbon by weight: Total Vent Gas to Flare Composition</li> <li>6. Heat Input of Total Vent Gas to Flare: Total Vent Gas Mass to Flare and HHV of Vent Gas to Flare</li> </ol>
204: Low Pressure (LP) Header System Multipoint Ground Flare (MPGF)  Ethylene Storage Tank Vent Flaring	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. NOx and CO: AP-42, Chapter 13.5, "Industrial Flares", 2/2018.</li> <li>2. VOC: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas flared, VOC content of the vent gas and VOC destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{VOC CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1-\text{DRE})</math>.</li> <li>3. SO2: No Sulfur in Vent Gas.</li> <li>4. PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li> <li>5. n-Hexane: 0.029 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, Flares. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li> <li>6. CO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas to flare, carbon content in vent gas to flare, and destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C} * \text{DRE}</math>.</li> <li>7. CH4: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas to flare, CH4 content of the vent gas to flare and CH4 destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{CH}_4 \text{ CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1-\text{DRE})</math>.</li> <li>8. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for fuel gas.</li> <li>9. Flare DRE: 99% DRE for compounds containing three (3) or fewer carbon atoms and 98% for compounds with greater than three (3) carbon atoms, Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Air Permits Division, "New Source Review (NSR) Emission Calculations" (APD-ID 6v1, Revised March, 2021)</li> </ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Vent Gas Mass to Flare – MPGF Header 2 (kg/hr)</li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Composition is 100% ethylene</li> <li>2. Flare DRE: 99% DRE for ethylene.</li> </ol> <p>Note: for initial startup (a portion of 9/2022 only), supplemental natural gas was used to ensure proper heating value of vent gas since it was mainly nitrogen. Additionally, an alternative method was utilized to account for the high amounts of nitrogen and one-time only use of natural gas.</p>



Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
204: Low Pressure (LP) Header System Multipoint Ground Flare (MPGF)  Continuous Vent Thermal Oxidizer (CVTO) Trips	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. NOx and CO: AP-42, Chapter 13.5, "Industrial Flares", 2/2018.</li> <li>2. VOC: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas flared, VOC content of the vent gas and VOC destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{VOC CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1 - \text{DRE})</math>.</li> <li>3. SO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas flared and sulfur content in vent gas to flare. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{S CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW SO}_2 / \text{MW S}</math>.</li> <li>4. PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li> <li>5. n-Hexane: 0.029 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, Flares. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li> <li>6. CO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas to flare, carbon content in vent gas to flare, and destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C} * \text{DRE}</math>.</li> <li>7. CH4: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas to flare, CH4 content of the vent gas to flare and CH4 destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{CH}_4 \text{ CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1 - \text{DRE})</math>.</li> <li>8. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for fuel gas.</li> <li>9. Flare DRE: 99% DRE for compounds containing three (3) or fewer carbon atoms and 98% for compounds with greater than three (3) carbon atom, , Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Air Permits Division, "New Source Review (NSR) Emission Calculations" (APD-ID 6v1, Revised March, 2021)</li> </ol>	<p><b>PI Inputs</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Vent Gas Mass to Flare – MPGF Header 3 (kg/hr)</li> <li>2. CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas to Flare Composition (% mol)</li> <li>3. CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Sulfur Content (% wt)</li> </ol> <p><b>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Molecular Weight of CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas: CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Composition and Standard Molecular Weight of Constituents.</li> <li>2. HHV of CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas: CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Composition and Standard Heat of Combustion for Constituents.</li> <li>3. % Carbon by weight: CVTO/MPGF Header 3 Vent Gas Composition</li> <li>4. Heat Input of Vent Gas to Flare: Vent Gas Mass to Flare and HHV of Vent Gas to Flare</li> </ol>
204: Low Pressure (LP) Header System Multipoint Ground Flare (MPGF)  Pilot (Natural Gas)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. NOx, CO, PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, VOC, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li> <li>2. n-Hexane: 0.0063 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, &lt;10 MMBtu/hr. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li> <li>3. SO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: <math>\text{NG FUEL MASS} * \text{S CONTENT NG (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW SO}_2 / \text{MW S}</math>.</li> <li>4. H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010.</li> <li>5. CO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: <math>\text{NG FUEL MASS} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C}</math>.</li> <li>6. CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li> <li>7. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li> </ol>	<p><b>PI Inputs</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Natural Gas HHV (Btu/scf), converted to Btu/lb using Natural Gas Density</li> <li>2. Natural Gas Specific Gravity, density calculated assuming density of air at 1.2041 kg/Nm3 at 20 C and 1 atm (Normal)</li> <li>3. Natural Gas Composition C1 – C6+ (%mol)</li> <li>4. Natural Gas Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv) converted to wt % by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a></li> </ol> <p><b>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pilot Heat Rate. Constant at 2.47 MMBtu/hr based on design specifications.</li> <li>2. Natural Gas Mass: Calculated using Pilot Heat Input, HHV of Natural Gas, and natural Gas Density</li> <li>3. Natural Gas Carbon (C) Content (wt%): Calculated based on Natural Gas Composition</li> </ol>

Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
205: High Pressure (HP) Header System (Flares)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>NOx and CO for Totally Enclosed Ground Flares (TEGFs) from Zeeco Manufacturer Data:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>NOx: 0.068 lb/MMBtu</li><li>CO: 0.038 lb/MMBtu for Total Heat Input <math>\geq</math> 8,396 MMBtu/hr; 0.2755 lb/MMBtu for Heat Input &lt;8,396 MMBtu/hr</li></ol></li><li>NOx and CO for Elevated Flare from Zeeco Manufacturer Data:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>NOx: 0.068 lb/MMBtu</li><li>CO: 0.31 lb/MMBtu</li></ol></li><li>VOC: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas flared, VOC content of the vent gas and VOC destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{VOC CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1 - \text{DRE})</math>.</li><li>SO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas flared and sulfur content in vent gas to flare. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{S CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW SO}_2 / \text{MW S}</math>.</li><li>PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li><li>n-Hexane: 0.029 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, Flares. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li><li>CO2: Material balance based on mass of vent gas to flare, carbon content in vent gas to flare, and destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C} * \text{DRE}</math>.</li><li>CH4: Material balance based on quantity of vent gas to flare, CH4 content of the vent gas to flare and CH4 destruction efficiency. Equation: <math>\text{VENT GAS MASS TO FLARE} * \text{CH}_4 \text{ CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * (1 - \text{DRE})</math>.</li><li>N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for fuel gas.</li><li>Totally Enclosed Ground Flares (TEGFs) DRE: 99.55% based on a January 2023 diagnostic testing on TEGF B using Video Imaging Spectral Radiometer (FlareGuardian) technology.</li><li>Elevated Flare DRE: 99% DRE for compounds containing three (3) or fewer carbon atoms and 98% for compounds with greater than three (3) carbon atoms, , Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Air Permits Division, "New Source Review (NSR) Emission Calculations" (APD-ID 6v1, Revised March, 2021)</li></ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Vent Gas Flow to Flare (Actual m3/hr), includes Supplemental Natural Gas</li><li>Vent Gas to Flare Pressure (bar-g)</li><li>Vent Gas to Flare Temperature (C)</li><li>Vent Gas to Flare Composition (% mol), includes Supplemental Natural Gas</li><li>Vent Gas to Flare Sulfur Content (% wt)</li></ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Molecular Weight of Vent Gas to Flare: Vent Gas to Flare Composition and Standard Molecular Weight of Constituents</li><li>HHV of Vent Gas to Flare: Vent Gas to Flare Composition and Standard Heat of Combustion for Constituents</li><li>Vent Gas to Flare Density: Molecular Weight, Pressure and Temperature of Vent Gas to Flare</li><li>Vent Gas Mass to Flare: Vent Gas Flow to Flare (actual m3/hr) and Vent Gas to Flare Density</li><li>% Carbon by weight and % H2 by weight: Vent Gas to Flare Composition</li><li>Heat Input of Vent Gas to Flare: Vent Gas Mass to Flare and HHV of Vent Gas to Flare</li></ol>
205: High Pressure (HP) Header System (Flares) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>TGEF #1 Pilot</li><li>TGEF #2 Pilot</li><li>Elevated Flare Pilot</li></ul>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>NOx, CO, PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, VOC, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998.</li><li>n-Hexane: 0.0063 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, &lt;10 MMBtu/hr. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li><li>SO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: <math>\text{NG FUEL MASS} * \text{S CONTENT NG (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW SO}_2 / \text{MW S}</math>.</li><li>H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010.</li><li>CO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: <math>\text{NG FUEL MASS} * \text{C CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * \text{MW CO}_2 / \text{MW C}</math>.</li><li>CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li><li>N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li></ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Natural Gas HHV (Btu/scf)</li><li>Natural Gas Specific Gravity, density calculated assuming density of air at 1.2041 kg/Nm3 at 20 C and 1 atm (Normal)</li><li>Natural Gas Composition C1 – C6+ (%mol)</li><li>Natural Gas Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv) converted to wt % by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a></li></ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>Pilot Natural Gas Mass Combusted<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>TGEF #1 and #2: Constant at 1.105 MMBtu/hr per TGEF per design specifications.</li><li>Elevated Flare Pilot: Constant at 0.26 MMBtu/hr per design specifications]</li></ul></li><li>Natural Gas Mass: Calculated using Pilot Heat Input, HHV of Natural Gas, and natural Gas Density</li><li>Natural Gas Carbon (C) Content (wt%): Calculated based on Natural Gas Composition</li></ol>

Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
206: Spent Caustic Vent Header System  Process Vents	1. NOx: 0.068 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 7/12/2017. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 2. CO: 0.0824 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 7/12/2017. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 3. PM10 and PM2.5: 0.0075 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 7/12/2017. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 4. VOC: 0.0303 lb/MMBtu based on 3.2 g/Nm3 VOC, design basis. [Feb. 2020 Update Plan Approval Application] 5. SO2: 0.0879 lb/MMBtu based on 0.05 g/Nm3 H2S, design basis. [Feb. 2020 Update Plan Approval Application] 6. H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010. 7. PM-filt, PM-cond, Total HAPs (n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998. Site-specific emission factors for HAP to be developed after stack testing. 8. n-Hexane: 0.029 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, Flares. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a> 9. CO2: 7.8 lb/MMBtu based on 8.4 g/Nm3 CO2, design basis. [Feb. 2020 Update Plan Approval Application] 10. CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas. 11. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas. 12. Thermal Oxidizer DRE: 99.9% John Zink Design Specification, 7/12/2017.	<u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u> 1. Heat Rate: 0.7 MMBtu/hr [Design Basis Heat Input from VOC]
206: Spent Caustic Vent Header System  Primary Firing Fuel (Natural Gas)	1. NOx: 0.068 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 7/12/2017. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 2. CO: 0.0824 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 7/12/2017. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 3. PM10 and PM2.5: 0.0075 lb/MMBtu, John Zink Design Specification, 7/12/2017. Site-specific emission factors to be developed after stack testing. 4. PM-filt, PM-cond, VOC, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998. Site-specific emission factors for HAP to be developed after stack testing, 5. n-Hexane: 0.0063 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, <10 MMBtu/hr. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a> 6. SO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: $NG \text{ FUEL MASS} * S \text{ CONTENT NG (WT\%)} / 100 * MW \text{ SO}_2 / MW \text{ S}$ . 7. H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010. 8. CO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: $NG \text{ FUEL MASS} * C \text{ CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * MW \text{ CO}_2 / MW \text{ C}$ . 9. CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas. 10. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.	<u>PI Inputs</u> 1. Natural Gas Flow Rate (Nm3/hr) 2. Natural Gas HHV (Btu/scf), converted to Btu/lb using Natural Gas Density 3. Natural Gas Specific Gravity, density calculated assuming density of air at 1.2041 kg/Nm3 at 20 C and 1 atm (Normal) 4. Natural Gas Composition C1 – C6+ (%mol) 5. Natural Gas Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv), converted to wt %by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a>  <u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u> 1. Natural Gas Mass: Calculated using Natural Gas Flow Rate and Density of Natural Gas 2. Heat Rate (MMBtu/hr): Natural Gas Mass and Natural Gas HHV 3. Natural Gas Carbon (C) Content (wt%): Calculated based on Natural Gas Composition
206: Spent Caustic Vent Header System  Pilot (Natural Gas)	1. NOx, CO, PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, VOC, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, "Natural Gas Combustion", 7/1998. 2. n-Hexane: 0.0063 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, <10 MMBtu/hr. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a> 3. SO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and sulfur content in natural gas. Equation: $NG \text{ FUEL MASS} * S \text{ CONTENT NG (WT\%)} / 100 * MW \text{ SO}_2 / MW \text{ S}$ . 4. H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, "Fuel Oil Combustion", 5/2010. 5. CO2: Material balance based on mass of natural gas combusted and carbon content in fuel. Equation: $NG \text{ FUEL MASS} * C \text{ CONTENT (WT\%)} / 100 * MW \text{ CO}_2 / MW \text{ C}$ . 6. CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas. 7. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.	<u>PI Inputs</u> 1. Natural Gas HHV (Btu/scf), converted to Btu/lb using Natural Gas Density 2. Natural Gas Specific Gravity, density calculated assuming density of air at 1.2041 kg/Nm3 at 20 C and 1 atm (Normal) 3. Natural Gas Composition C1 – C6+ (%mol) 4. Natural Gas Sulfur (S) Content (ppmv) converted to wt % by assuming 16.92 ppmv per 1 grain/100 scf gas at 60F and 14.73 psia <a href="https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf">https://www.interline.nl/media/1000030/handbooksulfurmeasurements_002.pdf</a>  <u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u> 1. Pilot Heat Rate. Constant at 0.5023 MMBtu/hr, per design specifications. 2. Natural Gas Mass: Calculated using Pilot Heat Input, HHV of Natural Gas, and natural Gas Density 3. Natural Gas Carbon (C) Content (wt%): Calculated based on Natural Gas Composition

Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
104: Cogeneration Plant Cooling Tower	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PM-filt: 0.0005% wt / 100 * Circulation Rate (gal/hr) x 8.34 lb/gal (water density) x TDS ppmw/1000000 [Feb. 2020 Plan Approval Application]</li> <li>PM-10 and PM2.5: 63.5% and 0.21 % wt fraction of PM-filt based on "Calculating Realistic PM10 Emissions from Cooling Towers"; Reisman &amp; Frisbie [Feb. 2020 Plan Approval Application]</li> </ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Water conductivity</li> <li>Water Discharge Flow</li> <li>Water Make-up Flow</li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cogen Cooling Water TDS Sampling Results</li> <li>Circulation Rate = Discharge Flow plus Make-Up Flow</li> </ol>
203: Process Cooling Tower	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PM-filt: 0.0005% wt / 100 * Circulation Rate (gal/hr) x 8.34 lb/gal (water density) x TDS ppmw/1000000 [Feb. 2020 Plan Approval Application]</li> <li>PM10 and PM2.5: 63.5% and 0.21 % wt fraction of PM-filt based on "Calculating Realistic PM10 Emissions from Cooling Towers"; Reisman &amp; Frisbie [Feb. 2020 Plan Approval Application]</li> <li>VOC: Process Water VOC (ppmw)/1,000,000 * Circulation Rate (gal/hr) * 8.34 lb/gal (water density). Process Water VOC sample to be taken after reaching normal operation.</li> </ol>	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Water conductivity</li> <li>Water Discharge Flow</li> <li>Water Make-up Flow</li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Circulation Rate = Discharge Flow plus Make-Up Flow</li> <li>Process Cooling Water TDS Sampling Results</li> <li>Process Cooling Water VOC Sampling Results</li> </ol>
301: Polyethylene Pellet Material Storage, Handling and Loadout	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PM-filt: Outlet Grain Loading (gr/dscf) * Flow Rate (dscf/hr) or Inlet Grain Loading (gr/dscf) * Control Efficiency (%) * Flow Rate (dscf/hr).</li> <li>VOC: Periodic Sampling of VOC Headspace.</li> </ol>	<p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vendor-Provided Outlet Grain Loading and Flow Rate</li> <li>Vendor-Provided Inlet Grain Loading and Control Efficiency and Flow Rate</li> <li>Polyethylene mass produced at each reactor grade per sample</li> </ol>
302: Liquid Loadout (Recovered Oil)	VOC, HAP: AP-42 Chapter 5.2, "Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids", 6/2008.	<p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quantity of material loaded</li> </ol> <p>Stream composition data from engineering heat and material balance (wt% VOC, HAP, CH4)</p>
303: Liquid Loadout (Pyrolysis Fuel Oil, Light Gasoline)	VOC, HAP: Hose disconnect loss from TODO dry disconnect couple loss per disconnect manufacturer data.	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Truck Loading Connection Valve (Open/Close)</li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Manufacturer Hose Coupling Disconnect Factor (ml/disconnect)</li> </ol>
304: Liquid Loadout (C3+, Butene, Isopentane, Isobutane, C3+ Ref)	VOC , HAP: Hose disconnect loss from TODO dry disconnect couple loss per disconnect manufacturer data.	<p><u>PI Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Truck Loading Connection Valve (Open/Close)</li> </ol> <p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Manufacturer Hose Coupling Disconnect Factor (ml/disconnect)</li> </ol>
305: Liquid Loadout (Coke Residue, Tar)	VOC, HAP: AP-42 Chapter 5.2, "Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids", 6/2008.	<p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Quantity of material loaded</li> <li>Stream composition data from engineering heat and material balance (wt% VOC, HAP, CH4)</li> </ol>
401-409: Storage Tanks	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Non-diesel VOC and HAP: Controlled and accounted for in the flares.</li> <li>Diesel VOC: VOC and HAP: AP-42 Chapter 7.1, "Organic Liquid Storage Tanks", 6/2020.</li> </ol>	<p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diesel fuel throughput</li> </ol>
501: Equipment Components	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>VOC, CH4, HAP (unmonitored): EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates Chapter 2.3 November 1995. SOCM I Average Emission Factors (lb/hr/src) * Equipment Type Count (src) * Chemical Composition (wt%VOC/CH4/HAP) * Operating Hours (hr).</li> <li>VOC, CH4, HAP (monitored): EPA Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Estimates Chapter 2.3 November 1995. SOCM I Leak Rate/Screening Value Correlation Equations, Leak Rate (lb) = Correlation Factor (lb/hr/src/ppm) * Screening Value Factor (ppm) * Equipment Type Count (src) * Chemical Composition (wt%VOC/CH4/HAP) * Operating Hours (hr).</li> </ol>	<p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitored leak rates into LeakDAS (ppm)</li> <li>Stream composition data from engineering heat and material balance (wt% VOC, HAP, CH4)</li> </ol>
502: Wastewater Treatment Plant	USEPA Water9, Version 3 (or similar)	<p><u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitored leak rates into LeakDAS (ppm)</li> </ol>

Emission Source or Activity	Emissions Approach/Methodology	Data Inputs
503: Plant Roadways	PM-filt, PM10, PM2.5: AP-42, Chapter 13.2.1, “Paved Roads”, 1/2011 using the following Equation: Emission Factor (lb/VMT) = k (sL) <sup>0.91</sup> (W) <sup>1.02</sup> (1 – P/(4*N)). <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• k = particle size multiplier = 0.011 for PM-filt, 0.0022 for PM10 and 0.00054 for PM2.5 [Table 13.2.1 AP-42]</li><li>• SL = Road Surface Silt Content = 0.2 g/m3 [LAER per Feb.2020 Plan Approval Application]</li><li>• W = Average Weight of Vehicle (tons) = 25 tons average [Feb.2020 Plan Approval Application]</li><li>• P = Number of Days with rainfall greater than 0.01 inch = 150 days [Figure 13.2.1-2 AP-42]</li><li>• N = Number of days in period.</li></ul>	<u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u> 1. Number of Trips 2. Road Length
Building Utilities (Heat and Water) Natural Gas Combustion	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. NOx, CO, PM-filt, PM-cond, PM10, PM2.5, VOC, SO2, Total HAPs (except n-hexane): AP-42, Chapter 1.4, “Natural Gas Combustion”, 7/1998.</li><li>2. n-Hexane: 0.0063 lb/MMBtu, Ventura County Air Pollution Control District, AB 2588 Combustion Emission Factors, May 17, 2001, &lt;10 MMBtu/hr. <a href="#">VCAPCD AB2588 combem[2].pdf</a></li><li>3. H2SO4: Multiplication of SO2 emissions and the SO3/SO2 Ratio of 5.7/142 based on the SO3 and SO2 emission factor for distillate oil in Table 1.3-1 of AP-42, Chapter 1.3, “Fuel Oil Combustion”, 5/2010.</li><li>4. CO2: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li><li>5. CH4: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li><li>6. N2O: 40 CFR Part 98 Subpart C, Table C-2 emission factor for natural gas.</li></ol>	<u>Calculated/Miscellaneous Inputs</u> 1. Natural Gas Consumption – Peoples Invoices





PAMS Concentration Data (Bi-weekly)

PAMS ID	DATE	RESULTS	UNITS	COMPOUND NAME	NOTES
1	2/1/2023	0.09	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
1	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
1	2/1/2023	0.64	µg/m3	Benzene	
1	2/1/2023	0.48	µg/m3	Toluene	
1	2/1/2023	0.40	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
1BLK	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
1BLK	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
1BLK	2/1/2023	0.21	µg/m3	Benzene	
1BLK	2/1/2023	0.25	µg/m3	Toluene	
1BLK	2/1/2023	0.23	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
2	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
2	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
2	2/1/2023	0.67	µg/m3	Benzene	
2	2/1/2023	0.40	µg/m3	Toluene	
2	2/1/2023	0.51	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
3	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
3	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
3	2/1/2023	0.58	µg/m3	Benzene	
3	2/1/2023	0.36	µg/m3	Toluene	
3	2/1/2023	0.32	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
4	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
4	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
4	2/1/2023	0.66	µg/m3	Benzene	
4	2/1/2023	0.43	µg/m3	Toluene	
4	2/1/2023	0.32	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
5	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
5	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
5	2/1/2023	0.61	µg/m3	Benzene	
5	2/1/2023	0.41	µg/m3	Toluene	
5	2/1/2023	0.32	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
6	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
6	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
6	2/1/2023	0.66	µg/m3	Benzene	
6	2/1/2023	0.42	µg/m3	Toluene	
6	2/1/2023	0.34	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
7	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
7	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
7	2/1/2023	0.80	µg/m3	Benzene	
7	2/1/2023	0.75	µg/m3	Toluene	
7	2/1/2023	0.36	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
8	2/1/2023	0.08	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
8	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
8	2/1/2023	0.72	µg/m3	Benzene	
8	2/1/2023	0.67	µg/m3	Toluene	
8	2/1/2023	0.37	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
9	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
9	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
9	2/1/2023	0.61	µg/m3	Benzene	
9	2/1/2023	0.42	µg/m3	Toluene	
9	2/1/2023	0.32	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
10	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
10	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
10	2/1/2023	0.62	µg/m3	Benzene	
10	2/1/2023	0.50	µg/m3	Toluene	
10	2/1/2023	0.35	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
11	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
11	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
11	2/1/2023	0.66	µg/m3	Benzene	
11	2/1/2023	0.52	µg/m3	Toluene	
11	2/1/2023	0.31	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
11DUP	2/1/2023	0.08	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
11DUP	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
11DUP	2/1/2023	0.64	µg/m3	Benzene	




PAMS Concentration Data (Bi-weekly)

PAMS ID	DATE	RESULTS	UNITS	COMPOUND NAME	NOTES
11DUP	2/1/2023	0.47	µg/m3	Toluene	
11DUP	2/1/2023	0.27	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
12	2/1/2023	0.08	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
12	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
12	2/1/2023	0.80	µg/m3	Benzene	
12	2/1/2023	0.67	µg/m3	Toluene	
12	2/1/2023	0.28	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
12BLK	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
12BLK	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
12BLK	2/1/2023	0.20	µg/m3	Benzene	
12BLK	2/1/2023	0.25	µg/m3	Toluene	
12BLK	2/1/2023	0.23	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
13	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
13	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
13	2/1/2023	0.64	µg/m3	Benzene	
13	2/1/2023	0.42	µg/m3	Toluene	
13	2/1/2023	0.28	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
14	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
14	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
14	2/1/2023	0.61	µg/m3	Benzene	
14	2/1/2023	0.47	µg/m3	Toluene	
14	2/1/2023	0.25	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
14DUP	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
14DUP	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
14DUP	2/1/2023	0.60	µg/m3	Benzene	
14DUP	2/1/2023	0.47	µg/m3	Toluene	
14DUP	2/1/2023	0.26	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
15	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
15	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
15	2/1/2023	0.72	µg/m3	Benzene	
15	2/1/2023	0.56	µg/m3	Toluene	
15	2/1/2023	0.28	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
16	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
16	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
16	2/1/2023	0.75	µg/m3	Benzene	
16	2/1/2023	0.50	µg/m3	Toluene	
16	2/1/2023	0.31	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
17	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
17	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
17	2/1/2023	0.68	µg/m3	Benzene	
17	2/1/2023	0.44	µg/m3	Toluene	
17	2/1/2023	0.29	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
18	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
18	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
18	2/1/2023	0.66	µg/m3	Benzene	
18	2/1/2023	0.48	µg/m3	Toluene	
18	2/1/2023	0.34	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
19	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
19	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
19	2/1/2023	0.75	µg/m3	Benzene	
19	2/1/2023	0.54	µg/m3	Toluene	
19	2/1/2023	0.38	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
20	2/1/2023	0.07	µg/m3	Naphthalene	
20	2/1/2023	0.14	µg/m3	1,3-Butadiene	
20	2/1/2023	0.58	µg/m3	Benzene	
20	2/1/2023	0.44	µg/m3	Toluene	
20	2/1/2023	0.33	µg/m3	n-Hexane	
High Benzene Reading:		0.8			
Low Benzene Reading:		0.58			
Benzene Action Level:		9.0			
Action Threshold Exceeded (Y/N):		N			






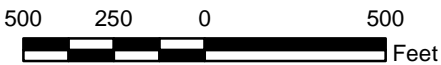


Environmental Resources Management, Inc.

April 2022



Scale in Feet  
1 inch = 530 feet



Notes:

1. PAMS 002, 004, and 006 placement not subject to EPA Method 325 A & B
2. Distances between the monitoring stations were measured along the monitoring perimeter. Distances are in linear feet.
3. All main roads within the facility are 2-way traffic.

Date: April 7, 2022  
Version: 7.0  
Prepared by: Brian Sterner (ERM)  
Checked by: \_\_\_\_\_  
Approved by: \_\_\_\_\_

Fenceline Monitoring Locations

Shell Polymers  
Monaca, PA

Sheet 1 of 1